S. G. II-27--45,006--18-12-30.

Law (gl) (1933) Department.

MS SERIES.

G.O. No. 1625

DATED 10. 5. 1933

[Despatch Abstract.]

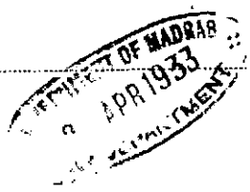
PETROLEUM - B. form licence - 5,000/- gallons - Mr. S. D'Souza, - partner of the Mangalore Petrol and Oils Distributing Company Mangalore Granted.

C.F. 30.

LAW (GENERAL) **DEPARTMENT.**

L.S 3165 C

Received ..... 192 *Registered* 27.4.33 192



Subject.

Petroleum--dangerous--Storage license in form B--Renewal and change of premises--application of Mr. Salvadore D'Souza of Mangalore--recommended.

Enclosures.
No .....
.....
Spare copies .....

Ref. C.1 No. 1864/M/33.

Station Mangalore *Dated the* 25th April 1933. 192

From (Name) E. M. Gawne, Esq, I.C.S.,

(Designation) District Magistrate,

South Kanara.

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,

LAW (GENERAL) Department.

Madras.

Sir,

I enclose herewith the application of Mr.Salvadore D'Souza of Mangalore.

2. The applicant was granted the enclosed license in form B for the storage of 5,000 gallons of dangerous petroleum in the shed in T. S. No. 10/1 (R.S.1682/1) of Kasba Bazaar village in G. O. No. Ms. 4344, dated 3rd December 1932. The applicant was under the impression that this license was valid for one year from 3.12.32 the date of issue of the license and he accordingly imported by sea 4,000 gallons of petrol recently for storing in the said shed; but as this shed was not avail-

able owing to its lease having been held by some other [illegible], the applicant has built a separate shed in R. S. No. 102 (T.S. No. 88) of Kodialbail village, Mangalore Town, and stored the petrol there with my permission. He requests that the license may be renewed changing the premises. As he had informed that his license had already expired on 31.12.32, he paid the renewal fee of Rs.20/- under the enclosed [illegible] No. 307450 dated 24.4.33 of the Imperial Bank of India at Mangalore.

3. The Stationary Sub Magistrate, Mangalore, who inspected the newly constructed shed reports that it consists of two rooms constructed of masonry with corrugated iron roof, and no inflammable material has been used in its construction and that it satisfies the conditions of the license.

4. I recommend that the license may be renewed changing the premises as applied for to R. S. No. 102 (T.S.No. [illegible], Kodialbail village.

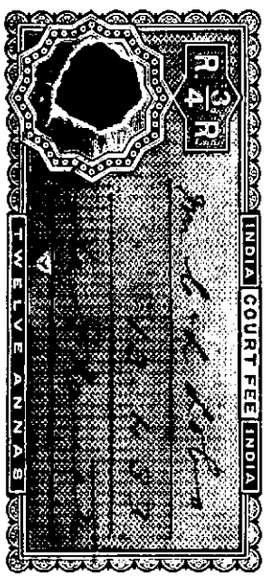
Your obedient servant,

Dt. Magistrate.

Cr- 1866/mj/33

To

The District Magistrate,
South Kanara,
Mangalore.



Humble petition of Salvadore D'Souza, son of Francis D'Souza, residing at Codialboil, Mangalore.

Sir,

I am the partner of the Mangalore Petrol and Oils Distributing Company, Mangalore, and also the Agent of the Western India Oil Distributing Company of Bombay.

On 3- 12- 1932 I was granted license by the Government for the storage of 5,000 gallons of Petrol in the storage shed situated in T. S. No. 10/1 (R. S. No. 1682/1) of Kasba Bazaar Village, Mangalore Town, South Kanara District.

I had rented the said shed from Mr. A.Somayya, Soda Factory, owner, Mangalore Town, who had leased the same with the surrounding compound from Mr. Rasul Khan.

After I got the aforesaid licence I ordered 4,000 gallons of petrol from Bombay, worth about Rs. 8,000/- and the vessel with the said 4,000 gallons of petrol has already arrived at Mangalore Port.

Mr. A.Strombalm, coffee merchant, Mangalore, who occupies the bungalow of Mr. Rasul Khan near the aforesaid storage shed is objecting to my storing the petrol in the said storage shed on the ground that Mr. A. Somayya had no right to lease the shed to me. Mr. Guzdar, Manager of Messrs. Volkart Bros. has also joined Mr. A. Strombalm and both are determined not to allow me to have access to the shed for the purpose of storing petrol on the ground of danger to the large quantity of coffee that is stored by

them at present in their buildings. Mr. A.Somayya himself is doubting whether he had any right at all to lease the shed to me.

Under these circumstances. I find myself in an extremely desperate situation. The petrol has to be unloaded from the vessel by this evening. It is impossible to get another suitable godown.

I thought I could get out of the difficulty only by erecting a new shed; within these two days by extraordinary labour and expenditure, I have constructed a new godown in my own compound T. S. No. 83 (R.S.No.152) of Codialbail as per the rules of the Petroleum Act.

I pray that Your Honour may be graciously pleased to treat this matter as urgent and grant me permission to store the petrol in my new godown in T. S. No. 88 (R.S. No. 152) of Codilaboil Village instead of the godown in T. S. No. 10/1 (R. S. No. 1682/1) of Kasba Bazaar Village as noted in my licence.

I beg to remain,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Mangalore,)
)
18th April, 1933)

5 -3-

Pakhaumi **VAKALAT.**

In the Court of the District Magistrate
S. Canara

~~SUIT~~ PETITION NO. _____
1933

BETWEEN

Salvador D'Souza — *~~Plaintiff~~ Petitioner*

AND

Defendant Respondent

I Salvador D Souza son of Francis D'Souza
Contractor, Bengala, partner of Mangalore Pickle
Works Distributing Company

do hereby appoint and retain Mr. C. L. Lobo B.A.
B.L. Vakil to appear for me in the
above ~~Suit~~ Petition and to conduct and prosecute (or defend) the same and all proceedings that may be taken in respect of any application for execution of any decree or order passed therein I empower my Vakil to appear in all miscellaneous proceedings in the above suit or matter till all decrees or orders are fully satisfied or adjusted and to obtain the return of documents and draw any moneys that might be payable to me in the said suit or matter.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand this 18th day of April 1933.

Accepted

Date 18/4/1933

The address for service of the said Vakil is

Signed before me by the executant this 18th day of April 1933. The contents of this vakalat having been translated to the executant in English and admitted by him to be correct.

A Holluty
C.M.C
Mangalore

Rule 1, Chapter IV, Part II-- "Save as provided in rules 9(1), 13 and 14 of this chapter every licence for the possession of petroleum shall remain in force until the 31st December next following the date of issue of the licence."

No 30/32 Form B. 6

(Rule 3 of Chapter IV of Part II)

Licence to possess dangerous petroleum, otherwise than in bulk, in quantity exceeding forty gallons.

****

Fee, Rs.20/- (Twenty only)

Licence is hereby granted to **Mr. S. D'Souza, a partner of the Mangalore Petrol and oils Distributing Company, Mangalore and Agent of the Western India Oil Distributing Company of Bombay** ---------- for the storage, in the storage shed described below, of **5000(five thousand)**---- gallons of dangerous petroleum, subject to the rules for the storage of petroleum published in Notification No.441, dated 24th July 1909, and to the further conditions attached thereto.

Fort St. George,
Dated the **3rd December 1932.**

Srinivasa Rao
Secretary to the Government of Madras, Law (General) Department.

(Description of the storage shed above referred to)

The storage shed is situated in T.S.No.10/1 (R.S.No.1682/1) of Kasba Bazaar village, Mangalore town, South Kanara District.

7

Endorsement on Form B.

Conditions of Licence.

***

1. If the licencing officer call upon the holder of a licence, by notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the storage shed, which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the shed, the holder of the licence shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one month from the date of receipt of the notice, as may be fixed by the notice.

2. The licence-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity of dangerous petroleum exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a licence under section 5 or section 6 of the Act, or any less quantity of such petroleum, except in accordance with the conditions of the proviso to section 6 of the Act, as to the vessels in which the petroleum must be contained.

3. The petroleum shall be stored in gas-tight tinned or galvanized sheet iron, steel, or lead plate, receptacles containing each not more than forty gallons and fitted with well-made filling holes and well-fitting screw plugs, or fitted with screw cap or other cap with metal airtight undercap. Such receptacles shall be packed in strong wooden cases, the thickness of the wood to be not less than three-eighths of an inch; provided that wood cases shall not be necessary when the receptacles are made of tinned or galvanized sheet iron or steel, and have the following thickness of metal:-

	Not less than
(1) When the capacity does not exceed two gallons.	27 B.W.G.
(2) When the capacity exceeds two gallons but does not exceed four gallons.	22 B.W.G.
(3) When the capacity exceeds four, but does not exceed thirty gallons.	20 B.W.G.
(4) When the capacity exceeds thirty, but does not exceed forty-five gallons.	16 B.W.G.
(5) When the capacity exceeds forty-five, but does not exceed sixty-five gallons.	14 B.W.G.
(6) When the capacity exceeds forty but does not exceed forty gallons.	12 B.W.G.
(7) When the capacity exceeds forty but does not exceed sixty five gallons.	10 B.W.G.

4. An air-space of at least one twentieth of its capacity shall

shall be left in each receptacle at the time of filling.

5. The receptacle shall be so substantially constructed and secured as not to be liable, except, under circumstances of grave negligence or extraordinary accident, to be broken or become defective, leaky or insecure.

6. The receptacles shall be labelled in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of the Act.

7. Any receptacle, before being repaired, shall be cleared of all dangerous petroleum and of all dangerous vapours arising from the same.

8. The storage shed shall be constructed of masonry or other uninflammable material with terraced, tiled or iron roofs and with tiled or paved or earthen floors.

9. Either the doorways and other openings of the storage shed shall be built up to a height of two feet above the level of the road or street, or the floor sunk to a depth of two feet below the level of the road or street, so that the petroleum cannot flow out from the building in case of its escape from the receptacle in which it is contained, or the building itself shall be surrounded with a masonry wall or embankment or both not less than two feet high. When the quantity of petroleum stored exceeds 16,000 gallons the height or depth shall be three feet.

A combination of these methods is permissible.

10. All ventilating openings in the storage shed shall be protected by strong wire gauze.

11. No light, except a light of such strength, position and character as is not liable to ignite any inflammable vapour, nor fire of any description, shall be permitted at any time within the storage shed.

12. All due precautions shall be taken for the prevention of unauthorized persons having access to any dangerous petroleum kept and to the vessels containing or having actually contained the same.

13. Every person managing or employed on or in connection with the storage shed shall abstain from any act whatever which tends to cause fire or explosion and which is not reasonably necessary, and shall prevent any other person from doing such act.

14. The drum or other receptacle containing dangerous petroleum shall only be opened on the licensed premises at or immediately adjoining the storage shed and for the time necessary for drawing off the petroleum and during such drawing off every reasonable precaution shall be adopted for preventing the escape of dangerous petroleum or the vapour therefrom.

15. The following distances shall be kept clear from protected works round the storage shed:—

Quantity to be stored.	Distances to be kept clear.
Not exceeding 500 gallons	20 feet.
From 500 to 1000 "	25 "
" 1000 to 5000 "	30 "
" 5000 to 15,000 "	40 "
" 15,000 to 25,000 "	50 "
" 25,000 to 35,000 "	60 "
" 35,000 to 50,000 "	70 "
" 50,000 and over. "	100 "

Provided that these distances may be reduced by the Local Government on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives in cases where screen walls are provided or other special precautions taken, or where there are special circumstances that in the opinion of the Chief Inspector of Explosives warrant the reduction.

16. Provided that when the quantity to be possessed does not exceed 60 gallons the provisions of conditions 8, 9 and 15 shall not apply, but the licensee shall observe the following conditions:—

(1) The storage shed in which the dangerous petroleum is stored shall be well ventilated and constructed of uninflammable material

material, provided. however. that the doors and windows may be of wood.

(ii) Where a ....ms part of, or is attached to, -- another building and when the intervening floor or partition is of an unsubstantial or inflammable character or has openings therein, the whole of such building shall be deemed to be the storage shed and no portion of such storage shed shall be used as a dwelling house or as a place where persons assemble. The storage shed -- shall have a separate entrance from the open air distinct from any building or dwelling in which persons assemble.

17. The storage shed shall be liable to inspection by an officer not being of lower rank than a Sub-Inspector of Police authorised by the Governor-in-Council in this behalf.

****

11 15

L. Dis.

To

The District Magistrate,

South Kanara.

S i r,

Petroleum - Licence in Form B -
S. D'Souza - Change of Site-
Report submitted.

I have inspected the proposed site and the storage shed thereon in which it is proposed to store the petroleum. The building is situated in R. S. No. 152 (T. S. No. 88) of Codialboil Village - the compound of the petitioner himself. The building 17¾' x 18½' consisting of two rooms is constructed of masonry with corrugated iron roof and the floor is earthern. No inflammable material has been used in the construction of the building.

A space of 30' prescribed by the rules is kept clear all round the storage shed except for a few wild trees; the nearest building which is a bath shed is 46' and the house, 70' from the storage shed.

There is thus no objections ~~for~~ to the grant of a license in Form B in respect of the proposed site and the storage shed thereon.

Mangalore,
18th April, 1933

Your Obedient Servant,

S. Sub. Magistrate

T. & A. 218.

No. 83

ORIGINAL.

Chalan for payment of money into the Imperial Bank of Madras at

By whom paid.	On what account.	Amount. RS.	A.	P.	Reference to Revenue Register.
Salvador of Bombay	For Renewal licence fees for Tko.	20	-	-	
	Total (in words and figures) Rupees twenty only	20	-	-	

14 APR 1933

Imperial Bank of Madras at

The 193 . Entered—Correct.

Signature of Remitter.

Initials of Treasury Accountant.

Received Bank Accountant.

APR 24 1933

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

RECEIVED RUPEES. Twenty only

Initials of Cashier.

Initials of Agent.

Dated 24 APR 1933.

Particulars of money paid.

	Number.	Amount.
		Rs.
Currency Notes.		
Rs. 1,000		
,, 500		
,, 100		
,, 50		
,, 20		
,, 10		
,, 5		
,, 2½		
,, 1		
TOTAL NOTES ..		
Cash.		
Sovereigns, Full		
Sovereigns, Half		
Whole Rupees		
Half Rupees		
Quarter Rupees . ..		
One-eighth Rupees		
Eight-anna pieces nickel		
Four-anna pieces, nickel .		
Two-anna pieces, nickel ..		
One-anna pieces, nickel		
Double pice		
Single pice		
Pies		
GRAND TOTAL .		

Sectt. II-5 (a)

Law (Genl.) DEPARTMENT.

	Date.	Initials.
When received for Fair-copying.		
When copied ..		
When examined ..		
When signed ..		
When despatched ..		

Petroleum - B. form licence - 5,000/- gallons - Mr. S. D'Souza a partner of the Mangalore Petrol and Oil Distributing Co. Manga granted

READ AGAIN G.O. No. —, dated 19

" " " " ..... " 19

READ ALSO :—

C. No. 3165 C From the D.M. South Kanara Ref No. C.I. 864/11/33 dated 25-4-1933

" " ..... " " ..... " ..... " 19

" " ..... " " ..... " ..... " 19

ORDER.

No. 1625, dated 10. 5. 1933.

A licence in form B. of the Petroleum Rules will be issued to Mr. Salvadore D'Souza, a partner of the Mangalore Petro and Oil Distributing Company Mangalore and Agent of the Western India Oil Distributing Company of Bombay, for the storage of 5,000/- (five thousand gallons of dangerous petroleum otherwise than in bulk in his storage shed in Codialba village, Mangalore Town, South Kanara Dt.

2

2. The licence will be forwarded to the D.C. South Kanara for delivery to the firm.

SK
4-5-33.

To the D.M. South Kanara (with licence)
" Chief Insp^r of Explosives in India. (with copy of licence)

(with licence)

Note

As the licence is for a different premises, a new licence may be granted instead of changing the name of the premises in the licence already granted and renewing it.

PTO

(H.E Rule I. chap. IV. Part II)

Form B.

(Rule 3 of Chapter IV of Part II.)

License to possess dangerous petroleum, otherwise than in bulk, in quantity exceeding forty gallons.

No. Fee, Rs. 20/- (twenty

License is hereby granted to Mr Salvadore D'Souza, a partner of the Mangalore Petrol + Oils Distributing Co. Mangalore & Agent of the W.I.O.D.Co. of Bombay for the storage, in the storage shed described below, of 5000/- (five thousa gallons of dangerous petroleum, subject to the rules for the storage of petroleum published in Notification No. 441, dated 24th July 1909 and to the further conditions on the back of this license.

Secretary to the Government of Madras.

Cotacamund

The May 1933 ~~191~~

(Description of the storage shed above referred to.)

The Storage shed is situated in R.S. No 52 (T.S. N. of Codialbail village. Mangalore Town, South Kanara Dt.

SR 4-5-33 SRO 575

575

Endorsement on Form B.

CONDITIONS OF LICENSE.

1. If the licensing officer call upon the holder of a license, by notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the storage shed, which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the shed, the holder of the license shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one month from the date of receipt of the notice, as may be fixed by the notice.

2. The license-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity of dangerous petroleum exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a license under section 5 or section 6 of the Act, or any less quantity of such petroleum, except in accordance with the conditions of the proviso to section 9 of the Act, as to the vessels in which the petroleum must be contained.

3. The petroleum shall be stored in gas-tight tinned or galvanized sheet iron, steel, or lead plate receptacles containing each not more than forty gallons and fitted with well-made filling holes and well-fitting screw plugs, or fitted with screw cap or other cap with metal air-tight undercap. Such receptacles shall be packed in strong wooden cases, the thickness of the wood to be not less than three-eighths of an inch; provided that wood cases shall not be necessary when the receptacles are made of tinned or galvanized sheet iron or steel, and have the following thickness of metal:—

Capacity.	Not less than	Not less than
(1) When the capacity does not exceed two gallons.	[illegible] B.W.G.	B.W.G.
(2) When the capacity exceeds two, but does not exceed four gallons.	2[illegible]	B.W.G.
(3) When the capacity exceeds four, but does not exceed thirty gallons.	[illegible]	.W.G.
(4) When the capacity exceeds thirty, but does not exceed forty-five gallons.	1[illegible]	W.G.
(5) When the capacity exceeds forty five, but does not exceed sixty-five gallons.	1[illegible]	.V.G.
(6) When the capacity exceeds thirty but does not exceed forty gallons.		12 B.W.G.

4. An air-space of at least one-tenth of its capacity shall be left in each receptacle at the time of filling.

5. The receptacle shall be so substantially constructed and secured as not to be liable except, under circumstances of grave negligence or extraordinary accident, to be broken or become defective, leaky or insecure.

6. The receptacles shall be labelled in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of the Act.

7. Any receptacle, before being repaired, shall be cleared of all dangerous petroleum and of all dangerous vapours arising from the same.

8. The storage shed shall be constructed of masonry or other uninflammable material with terraced, tiled or iron roofs and with tiled or paved or earthen floors.

9. Either the doorways and other openings of the storage shed shall be built up to a height of two feet above the level of the road or street, or the floor sunk to a depth of two feet below the level of the road or street, so that the petroleum cannot flow out from the building in case of its escape from the receptacle in which it is contained, or the building itself shall be surrounded with a masonry wall or embankment or both not less than two feet high. When the quantity of petroleum stored exceeds 16,000 gallons the height or depth shall be three feet.

A combination of these methods is permissible.

10. All ventilating openings in the storage shed shall be protected by strong wire gauze.

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12. All due precautions shall be taken for the prevention of unauthorised persons having access to any dangerous petroleum kept and to the vessels containing or having actually contained the same.

13. Every person managing or employed on or in connection with the storage shed shall abstain from any act whatever which tends to cause fire or explosion and which is not reasonably necessary, and shall prevent any other person from doing such act.

14. The drum or other receptacle containing dangerous petroleum shall only be opened on the licensed premises at or immediately adjoining the storage shed and for the time necessary for drawing off the petroleum, and during such drawing off every reasonable precaution shall be adopted for preventing the escape of dangerous petroleum or the vapour therefrom.

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Quantity to be stored	Distances to be kept clear
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From 500 to 1,000 „	25 „
„ 1,000 to 5,000 „	30 „
„ 5,000 to 15,000 „	40 „
„ 15,000 to 25,000 „	50 „
„ 25,000 to 35,000 „	60 „
„ 35,000 to 50,000 „	70 „
„ 50,000 and over „	100 „

Provided that these distances may be reduced by the Local Government on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives in cases where screen walls are provided or other special precautions taken, or where there are special circumstances that in the opinion of the Chief Inspector of Explosives warrant the reduction.

16. Provided that when the quantity to be possessed does not exceed 60 gallons the provisions of conditions 8, 9 and 15 shall not apply, but the licensee shall observe the following conditions :—

(i) The storage shed in which the dangerous petroleum is stored shall be well ventilated and constructed of uninflammable material, provided however that the doors and windows may be of wood.

(ii) Where a storage shed forms part of or is attached to another building and when the intervening floor or partition is of an unsubstantial or inflammable character or has openings therein, the whole of such building shall be deemed to be the storage shed and no portion of such storage shed shall be used as a dwelling house or as a place where persons assemble. The storage shed shall have a separate entrance from the open air distinct from any building or dwelling in which persons assemble.

17. The storage shed shall be liable to inspection by an officer not being on lower rank than a Sub-Inspector of Police authorised by the Governor in Council in this behalf.